Neomycin Sulfate and Oxytetracycline Cattle Supplement I
Type B Medicated Feed

CAUTION: Federal law restricts medicated feed containing this veterinary feed directive (VFD) drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

For use in manufacturing medicated cattle feed.

ACTIVE DRUG INGREDIENTS
Neomycin Sulfate...........................................................................................................10 grams/lb.
Oxytetracycline (from oxytetracycline dihydrate base) equivalent to 10 grams oxytetracycline hydrochloride/lb.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS
Crude Protein, (Min)........................................XX.XX%
NPN, (Max)1................................................XX.XX%
Crude Fat, (Min)........................................XX.XX%
Crude Fiber, (Max)..................................XX.XX%
Calcium, (Min)........................................XX.XX%
Calcium, (Max)........................................XX.XX%
Phosphorus, (Min)..................................XX.XX%
Salt, (Min)1...............................................XX.XX%
Salt, (Max)1............................................XX.XX%
Sodium, (Min)2........................................XX.XX%
Sodium, (Max)2.......................................XX.XX%
Potassium, (Min)1....................................XX.XX%
Vitamin A, (Min)3..................................____IU/LB

1If added
2Should be guaranteed only when total sodium exceeds that furnished by the maximum salt guarantee
3Other than precursor of Vitamin A, if added

INGREDIENTS
Ingredients as defined by AAFCO.

MIXING DIRECTIONS
Mix this Type B medicated feed with non-medicated feed ingredients to prepare complete Type C medicated feed as described below. For the manufacture of Type C medicated feeds of less than 100g/ton neomycin and oxytetracycline from this Type B feed, it is recommended that the Type B feed be further diluted before mixing the Type C feed. An example of further dilution would be a ratio of 1:10 of Type B medicated feed:unmedicated feed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indications for Use</th>
<th>Oxytetracycline and Neomycin Sulfate Amount</th>
<th>Mixing Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For the reduction of the incidence of liver abscesses in growing cattle over 400 lbs.</td>
<td>75 mg/head/day</td>
<td>Mix 1.5 lb of this Type B medicated feed with 1998.5 lb of non-medicated feed to make one ton of Type C medicated feed containing 15 g/ton of neomycin and oxytetracycline*</td>
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<tr>
<td>For prevention and treatment of the early stages of shipping fever complex</td>
<td>0.5 to 2.0 g/head/day</td>
<td>Mix 10 to 40 lb of this Type B medicated feed with 1990 to 1960 lb of non-medicated feed to make one ton of Type C medicated feed containing 100 to 400 g/ton of neomycin and oxytetracycline*</td>
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<tr>
<td>For treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever complex) caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline; treatment and control of colibacillosis (bacterial enteritis) caused by Escherichia coli susceptible to neomycin in calves, beef and non-lactating dairy cattle.</td>
<td>10mg/lb body weight/day</td>
<td>Mix 100 lb of this Type B medicated feed with 1900 lb of non-medicated feed to make one ton of Type C medicated feed containing 1000 g/ton of neomycin and oxytetracycline*</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Residue Warning: At 10 mg/lb dosage, withdraw 5 days before slaughter.
Zero-day withdrawal period for lower use levels.
Use of more than one product containing neomycin or failure to follow withdrawal times may result in illegal drug residue. A withdrawal period has not been established for use in preruminating calves.
Do not use in calves to be processed for veal. A milk discard time has not been established for use in lactating dairy cattle. Do not use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older.

*A 500 lb animal consuming 10 lb of this Type C feed will receive the required amount of oxytetracycline and neomycin sulfate.